

Ultra Flush Concealed Doors

DOOR CARE & HANDLING

Self-adhesive tape (whether low-tac or otherwise), used while adding site protection to door faces and edges during installation; must not come into direct contact with the actual face or edge of the door. This has the potential to cause damage and so the doors would not be covered under our normal guarantee should this have occurred.

The weight of fire doors and other solid core doors are heavier than would normally be handled by one person. Doors should normally be handled by at least 2 people. Doors should always be stacked on a flat and level surface in a well ventilated room. The stack height should be limited to ensure safe handling is possible. Never store a door on its edge or end.

Use at least three load bearers to allow equal weight distribution. Ensure that the bearers are wider than the door. Always stack the widest doors at the bottom.

Do not allow direct sunlight on the doors, as this may cause fading.

The door must not be stored or fitted in a building with wet trades. For example, plastering should have been finished and given time to completely dry. Doors and frames must be stored in dry conditions and free from excessive moisture levels.

If stacking doors, store them in the sequence you are using them to prevent unnecessary movement.

Products manufactured from timber related materials, along with the packaging, are combustible, therefore the product should be stored away from radiant heat or fire. In case of fire, use water to extinguish. When using timber products splinters may occur. Care should always be taken and where appropriate protective gloves should be worn.

The disposal of waste polythene or other packaging materials should be through the normal trade recycling or refuse collection outlets.

When handling timber products, normal hygiene standards should be used before food and drink is consumed.